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General format

For clearness the paper should be divided into the following sections: **Title Page**, **Abstract**, *Key words*, **Introduction**, **Materials and Methods**, **Results**, **Discussion (Results and Discussion)**, **Conclusions**, *Acknowledgements*, and **References**.

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The title page should be devoted to the title (in caps), the full name(s) of the author(s), and the full postal addresses for all co-authors. In multi-authored texts indicate author affiliation by superscript Arabic numbers placed after author's name and before the appropriate address. Clearly indicate who is willing to handle correspondence at all stages of refereeing, publication and post-publication. The corresponding author should be identified with an asterisk. A footnote should contain an e-mail address, telephone number and fax number for the corresponding author. Title should be concise and explanatory of the content of the paper.

Abstract

Abstract (not longer than 250 words) should explain the aim of the paper and include the most relevant results and conclusions. Directly below the summary, authors should provide the key words.

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Key words should list the main topic of the paper and should not contain more than 6 words or phrases, which should be separated by commas.

Introduction

It is particularly important that the introductory part be as brief as possible and clear in description of the aims of investigation. Previous relevant work regarding the topic of the manuscript should be included with references.

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Experimental part should be written clearly and in sufficient detail to allow the work to be repeated. Detailed description is required only for new techniques and procedures, while the known methods must be cited in the references. For chemicals and apparatus used full data should be given including the name, company/manufacturer and country of origin. Statistical analysis should also be included. All unnecessary details should be omitted from the experimental part. Spectra, chromatograms and similar will not be published if their only purpose is to additionally characterize particular compounds.

Results and Discussion

Results and Discussion can be written as two separate or one combined section. Discussion should not be merely the repetition of the obtained results. Combining the results with discussion can simplify the presentation.

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If symbols, letters and abbreviations are used in the text they should be listed with their explanations. **SI (Système International) units** should be used. **Nomenclature** of inorganic and organic compounds should conform to the rules of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

Conclusion

It should indicate the significant contribution of the manuscript with its applications.

Acknowledgements

Acknowledgements to colleagues or institutions or companies for donations or any other assistance are recommended to be put at the end of the manuscript, before references, rather than in the text.

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Scollan, N., Hocquette, J., Nuernberg, K., Dannenberger, D., Richardson, I. & Moloney, A. (2006). Innovations in beef production systems that enhance the nutritional and health value of beef lipids and their relationship with meat quality. *Meat Science*, 74(1), 17–33.

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References to a conference:

Savell, J. W., & Shackelford, S. D. (1992). The significance of tenderness to the meat industry. In *Proceedings of the 45th Reciprocal Meat Conference* (pp. 43–46). Chicago, IL.

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Gudmundsson, M., & Hafsteinsson, H. (2002). New non-thermal techniques for processing seafood. In H. A. Bremner (Ed.), *Safety and quality issues in fish processing* (pp. 308–329). Cambridge, England: CRC Press, Woodhead Publishing Ltd.

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World Health Organisation. (1990). Diet, nutrition and the prevention of chronic disease. Technical Report Series No. 797. Geneva: WHO. Available at <http://www.who.int/dietphysicalactivity/publications/trs916/en/gsfao_global.pdf>. Accessed 10.06.10

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Anonymous. (2007). 2006 International Beef Quality Perceptions Survey. Canadian Beef Export Federation (<http://www.cbef.com>, Accessed 10 October 2007).

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